CLAIM AMENDMENTS

- 1. (Cancelled)
- 2. (Currently Amended) An image sensor comprising a number of light sensor circuits arranged to form a matrix of pixels, each of said circuits being capable of producing in a photoelectric converting element a sensor current proportional to the quantity of light falling thereon and converting the produced current into a voltage signal by suing a MOS type transistor with a logarithmic output characteristic in a weak inverse state, and a voltage switching-over circuit for changing a drain voltage of [[the]] each of said MOS type transistors for [[all]] each of said pixels to a value lower than a normal for a specified time to remove a charge accumulated in a parasitic eapacity capacitor of the photoelectric element before detecting a light signal from each pixel.
- 3. (Currently Amended) An image sensor comprising a number of light sensor circuits arranged to form a matrix of pixels, each of said circuits being capable of producing in a photoelectric converting element a sensor current proportional to the quantity of light falling thereon and converting the current into a voltage signal by a MOS type transistor with a logarithmic <u>output</u> characteristic in a weak inverse state, a pixel-line selecting circuit for successively selecting pixel lines, a pixel selecting circuit for successively selecting pixels in one selected line, both of said selecting circuits cooperating together to successively scan and read sensor signals from respective pixels in a time series, and a voltage switching-over circuit for changing a drain voltage of [[the]] <u>each of said MSO</u> type

transistors for respective pixels in a selectable pixel line to a value lower than a normal value for a specified time to remove a charge accumulated in a parasitic capacity capacitor of the photoelectric element before selecting each of the pixel lines.

- 4. (Currently Amended) An image sensor as defined in any one of claims 1 to claim 2 or 3, characterized in that each of the light sensor circuits is composed of a first said MOS type transistor for converting a sensor current flowing in a photoelectric converting element to a voltage signal by suing its logarithmic output characteristic in a weak inverse state, a second transistor for amplifying the voltage signal converted by said MOS type transistor and a third transistor for outputting a sensor signal corresponding to the amplified voltage signal amplified by said second transistor for amplifying the voltage signal at a specified moment of time.
- 5. (Original) An image sensor as defined in claim 3, characterized in that a sample-and-hold circuit is provided on an output side of each pixel in each pixel line.